### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Stonchem 655 is a highly cross-linked novolac epoxy lining system applied at a nominal thickness of I mm. The resin, engineering fabric, mineral composite topcoat sequencing provides a light-duty chemical barrier for occasional foot traffic which is resistant to small static cracks and moderate thermal shock. The Stonchem 655 system has excellent resistance to concentrated sulfuric acid, chlorinated solvents and caustics.

### **USES, APPLICATIONS**

- Secondary containment areas/tank farms
- · Concrete sumps, vaults and trenches
- · Pump pads and pedestals
- Storage tanks
- Neutralization pits
- Process floors

### **PRODUCT ADVANTAGES**

- Excellent chemical resistance to most mineral acids, solvents and caustics
- · Engineering fabric aids in crack resistance
- · Mineral composite topcoat for increased impermeability
- · Factory-proportioned units for easy application

### **CHEMICAL RESISTANCE**

Stonchem 655 is formulated to resist a variety of chemical solutions. (Refer to the Stonchem 600 Series Chemical Resistance Guide for lists of reagent concentration and temperature recommendations for each product.)

### **PACKAGING**

Stonchem 655 is packaged in units for easy handling. Each unit consists of:

### Saturant

1.25 cartons of 600/620 Liquids

A carton contains:

- 4 foil bags of amine
- 4 poly bags of resin

### **Engineering Fabric**

I roll of Engineering Fabric 18.58 m<sup>2</sup> roll

# Topcoat

I carton of Stonchem 600 Series Topcoat

A carton contains:

- 4 foil bags of amine
- 4 poly bags of resin

## **COVERAGE**

Each unit of Stonchem 655 will cover approximately 16.72 m<sup>2</sup> at a thickness of 1 mm.

**Note**: Coverage rates shown are theoretical. Actual coverage rates may vary. Make necessary allowances for the condition of the surface to be coated, working conditions, waste, spillage, experience level and skill of the installers, etc.

## STORAGE CONDITIONS

Store all components between 10 to 24°C in a dry area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Avoid excessive heat and do not freeze. The shelf life is 3 years in the original, unopened container. Store all engineering fabric in a clean and dry area.

### **SUBSTRATE**

Stonchem 655, with appropriate primer, is suitable for application over concrete and the following uncoated, newly-applied Stonhard mortars and grouts: GS, HT, UR, UT, TG6, TG8, CR5 and PM5. For questions regarding other possible substrates or an appropriate primer, contact your local Stonhard representative or Technical Service.

## SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

Proper preparation is critical to ensure an adequate bond The substrate must be dry and properly prepared utilizing mechanical methods. Questions regarding substrate preparation should be directed to your local Stonhard representative or Technical Service.

### PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Tensile Strength55 N/mm <sup>2</sup> (ASTM D-307)
Flexural Strength
Flexural Modulus of Elasticity6.2 x 10 <sup>3</sup> N/mm <sup>2</sup> (ASTM C-790)
Hardness85 to 90
(ASTM D-2240, Shore D)
Abrasion Resistance 0.07 gm max. weight loss
(ASTM D-4060, CS-17)
Thermal Coefficient of Linear Expansion
2.1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> m/mm°C
(ASTM C-531)
ColorGray
Cure Rate4 to 6 hours tack-free (@21°C)
VOCStonchem 600 Topcoat 68 g/l (ASTM D-2369, Method E) Stonchem 600/620 Liquids 20 g/l

**Note**: The above physical properties were measured in accordance with the referenced standards. Samples of the actual system, including binder and filler, were used as test—specimens.

### **APPLICATION GUIDELINES**

For optimal working conditions, the substrate temperature must be between 15 to 27°C. Cold areas must be heated until the slab temperature is above 13°C. To ensure the material achieves a proper cure. Also, a cold substrate will make the material stiff and difficult to apply. Warm areas or areas in direct sunlight must be shaded or arrangements made to work during evenings or at night. A warm substrate (15 to 27°C) will aid in the material's workability; however, a hot substrate (27 to 37°C) or a substrate in direct sunlight will shorten the material's working time and can cause other phenomenon such as pinholing and bubbling. Substrate temperature must be greater than 3°C above dew point during application and curing period.

Application and curing times are dependent upon ambient and surface conditions. Consult Stonhard's Technical Service Department if conditions are not within recommended guidelines.

## **APPLYING**

### **Priming**

Vacuum the substrate before priming and make sure the surface is dry. The use of Stonchem Epoxy Primer is necessary in all applications of Stonchem 655. This ensures maximum product performance (See the Stonchem Epoxy primer product data sheet for details.)

Note: Stonchem Epoxy Primer must be tack-free prior to application of the Saturant - Base Coat.

#### Saturant - Base Coat

Mix amine and resin in a 20 litre bucket using a heavy-duty, slow-speed drill (400 to 600 rpm) with a Jiffy Mixer for one minute. Pour the saturant onto the substrate and spread out with a 0.4 mm notched squeegee. The saturant should be spread out in a sequence to allow application of the engineering fabric. Do not leave any puddling during this squeegee step. Puddling will lead to over saturation of the engineering fabric.

### **Engineering Fabric**

Place the engineering fabric on the saturant immediately after it is applied. This is important to achieve maximum wetting. Press the engineering fabric into the saturant with a dry, medium nap roller. Overlap adjacent engineering fabric 13 mm. Immediately apply the next saturant.

#### Saturant

Mix amine and resin in a 20 litre mixing container using a heavy-duty, slow-speed drill (400 to 600 rpm) with a Jiffy Mixer for one minute. Apply the saturant to the fabric with a saturated medium nap roller. To wet the roller, dip it into the mixing bucket. Always work from the bucket. Do not pour the saturant directly onto the engineering fabric. This will decrease the saturant's coverage.

Note: If working in warmer conditions, the use of plastic buckets will increase the pot life of the material.

The engineering fabric is completely saturated when white strands are no longer present. When the engineering fabric is completely saturated, roll with a ribbed roller to release air pockets in the reinforcement and to embed the engineering fabric into the mortar. To saturate the overlaps, roll several times over the length of the overlap with a saturated roller, then roll with a ribbed roller several times until the overlap is no longer visible. Allow the mortar, engineering fabric and saturant to cure (approximately 4 to 6 hours) before proceeding.

### Topcoat

Lightly sand the saturant and engineering fabric in areas where protrusions exist. Vacuum the area completely. Mix amine and resin in a 20 litre mixing container using a heavy-duty, slow-speed drill (400 to 600 rpm) with a Jiffy Mixer for one minute. Pour the material onto the floor and spread out with a 0.4 mm notched squeegee. Backroll the area with a medium nap roller to remove squeegee lines using long roll strokes to decrease the visibility of roller lines. For vertical surfaces, pour a bead of material along the base of the wall. Using a medium nap roller, roll the material up onto the wall. The wet film thickness of the coating is 250 to 300 microns. Check the thickness with a wet film gauge.

## **CURING**

The surface of Stonchem 655 will be tack-free in 4 to 6 hours at 21°C. The coated area may be put back in service in 24 hours at 21°C. Ultimate physical characteristics will be achieved in 7 days.

### **PRECAUTIONS**

- · Avoid contact with Stonchem 600 amine and resin, as they may cause skin, respiratory and eye irritation
- Acetone is recommended for cleanup of Stonchem 600 amine and resin material spills. Use this material only in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommended safety procedures. Dispose of waste materials in accordance with government regulations.
- The use of NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators using an organic vapor/acid gas cartridge is recommended.
- The selection of proper protective clothing and equipment will significantly reduce the risk of injury. Body covering apparel, safety
  goggles and impermeable gloves are highly recommended.
- In case of contact, flush the area with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water.
- If material is ingested, immediately contact a physician. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
- Use only with adequate ventilation.

### **NOTES**

- · Safety Data Sheets for Stonchem 655 are availableonline at www.stonhard.com under Products or upon request.
- Specific information regarding chemical resistance of Stonchem 655 is available in the Stonchem 600 Series Chemical Resistance Guide.
- A staff of technical service engineers is available to assist in product application or to answer questions related to Stonhard products.

- Requests for technical literature or service can be made through local sales representatives and offices, or corporate offices located worldwide.
- The appearance of all floor, wall and lining systems will change over time due to normal wear, abrasion, traffic and cleaning. Generally, high-gloss coatings are subject to a reduction in gloss, while matte-finish coatings can increase in gloss level under normal operating conditions.
- Surface texture of resinous flooring surfaces can change over time as a result of wear and surface contaminants. Surfaces should be cleaned regularly and deep cleaned periodically to ensure no contaminant buildup occurs. Surfaces should be periodically inspected to ensure they are performing as expected and may require traction-enhancing maintenance to ensure they continue to meet expectations for the particular area and conditions of use.

### **CE MARKING**

The harmonized European Standard EN 1504-2 "Products and systems for the protection and repair of concrete structures – Definitions, requirements, quality control and evaluation of conformity – Part 2: Surface protection systems for concrete" gives specifications for products and systems based on methods "hydrophobic impregnation", "impregnation" and "coating" for the various principles presented under EN 1504-9.

Products which fall under this specification have to be CE labelled as per Annex ZA. I, Tables ZAIa to ZAIg according to the scope and relevant clauses there indicated, and fulfill the requirements of the given mandate of the Construction Products Regulation nr. 305/2011.

For flooring systems not dedicated to protect or reinstate the integrity of a concrete structure, EN 13813 applies. Products acc. EN 1504-2 used as flooring systems with mechanical loads also must fulfil EN 13813. Here below indicated are the performance classes achieve according to the standard. For the specific performance results of the product to the particular tests, please see the actual values above in the PDS.

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StonCor Europe	
Rue du Travail 9	
I 400 Nivelles, Belgium	
21	
DOP.655.2021.25.6-5	
EN 1504-2	
Surface Protection Product	
Ingress Protection 1.3(C)	
Cap. Absorption & Permeability	
to Water Vapor:	$W<0.1 \text{ kg/m}^{2*}h^{0.5}$
Water Permeability:	Class II
Permeability to CO <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>d</sub> >50 m
Adhesion Strength by	
Pull-Off Test	>2.0 MPa
Fire Resistance	B <sub>fl</sub> -s I
Abrasion Resistance	<3000 mg

### IMPORTANT

Stohnard believes the information contained here to be true and accurate as of the date of publication. Stohnard makes no warranty, expressed or implied, based on this literature and assumes no responsibility for consequential or incidental damages in the use of the systems described, including any warranty of merchantability or fitness. Information contained here is for evaluation only. We further reserve the right to modify and change products or literature at any time and without prior notice.

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